TENNESSEE GENERAL ASSEMBLY FISCAL REVIEW COMMITTEE



FISCAL NOTE

SB 1292 - HB 1834

March 31, 2011

SUMMARY OF BILL: Requires county clerks to provide each motor vehicle owner notice from the Department of Revenue of the requirements of the current Tennessee Financial Responsibility Law (TFRL) upon each registration. Increases, from \$100 to \$250, the fine for a violation of the TFRL. Requires impoundment of the motor vehicle and a fine of \$500 for a second violation. Requires notification to the last known owner of any motor vehicle impoundment. Requires a newspaper notification if there is no response to a mailed notification

ESTIMATED FISCAL IMPACT:

Increase State Revenue – \$2,744,800 Increase State Expenditures – Exceeds \$150,000

Increase Local Revenue – \$144,500 Increase Local Expenditures – Exceeds \$100,000*

Assumptions:

- According to the Department of Safety, there were 29,921 convictions of first violations of the TFRL; 3,226 additional convictions for a second or subsequent offense.
- According to the Department of Safety, the average increase for a first violation will be \$75; the average increase for a second violation will be \$200.
- Local courts retain a five percent commission.
- A recurring increase in state revenue of \$2,744,811 {[(29,921 convictions x \$75) + (3,226 convictions x \$200)] x 95%}.
- A recurring increase in local government revenue of \$144,464 {[(29,921 convictions x \$75) + (3,226 convictions x \$200)] x 5%}.
- A recurring increase in state expenditures of \$50,000 for the Department of Safety to send notifications of impoundment and provide newspaper notices.
- A recurring increase in state expenditures exceeding \$100,000 for the Department of Revenue to print notices for county clerks.
- A recurring increase in local government expenditures exceeding \$100,000 for local county clerks and send notices.
- Notices of current TFRL will be mailed with regular registration mailings or provided for in person renewals.

*Article II, Section 24 of the Tennessee Constitution provides that: No law of general application shall impose increased expenditure requirements on cities or counties unless the General Assembly shall provide that the state share in the cost.

CERTIFICATION:

The information contained herein is true and correct to the best of my knowledge.

James W. White, Executive Director

/jaw